

Review 3

Continuous variables, expectation, variance

Exercise A.

1. X is a continuous random variable with density

$$p_X(x) = \begin{cases} 1+x & \text{for } x \in (-1, 0) \\ 1-x & \text{for } x \in (0, 1) \\ 0 & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

What is the cumulative distribution function of X ? its expectation? its variance? its third quartile?

2. X is a continuous random variable with density

$$p_X(x) = \begin{cases} 2x^3 - \frac{3}{2}x + \frac{1}{2} & \text{for } x \in (-1, 1) \\ 0 & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

Check that this is indeed a probability density function.

What is the cumulative distribution function of X ? its expectation? its variance?

Exercise B. Assume the lifetime T of a light bulb, measured in days, follows a distribution $\text{Exp}(\ln(2)/\tau)$ (τ is the half-life of the light bulb). We screw the light bulb in place on a Sunday, midnight (so the first 24 hours of its life are a Monday).

1. Let N be the number of the day it dies; for instance, $N = 3$ if the light bulb dies on the first Wednesday. Find the probability mass function of N . Do you recognise its distribution?
2. What is the probability that the light bulb dies on a Sunday?

Exercise C. Let X be a continuous variable taking values in $[0, M]$ for some $M > 0$. Show that

$$\mathbb{E}[X] = \int_0^\infty \mathbb{P}(X > x) dx.$$

Hint: integrate by parts.

Transformations of continuous variables

Exercise D.

1. Let X be a variable with distribution $Unif([-1, 2])$. What is the density of $|X|$?
2. Let X be a continuous random variable with density

$$p_X(x) = \begin{cases} \cos(x) & \text{for } x \in (0, \frac{\pi}{2}) \\ 0 & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

What is the density of $\tan(X)$? Give your answer without using trigonometric functions.

Exercise E. Let X and Y be two independent variables with distributions $Exp(\lambda)$ and $Exp(\mu)$. Find the density of $Z = \min(X, Y)$.

Do you recognise the distribution of Z ?

Multivariate discrete variables

Exercise F. Let X and Y be two independent random variables, with respective distributions $Bin(n, p)$ and $Unif(\{1, \dots, n\})$. Define $Z = X$ if $X \neq 0$, $Z = Y$ else.

What is the probability mass function of Z ? its expectation?

Exercise G. Suppose you have two dice, one with 2 black and 4 white sides, and another with 4 black and 2 white sides. You choose one of them uniformly at random (for instance, toss a fair coin), then throw the chosen die twice. Let X be 1 if the first throw shows a black side, 0 if the side is white, and similarly for Y and the second throw.

1. What is the expectation of X ? its variance?
2. Same question for Y . Are X and Y independent?

Exercise H. Let (a, b) be a starting point on the lattice \mathbb{Z}^2 . Define (X, Y) as the position of a particle after one jump on one of the 4 closest neighbours, chosen uniformly.

1. What is the covariance of (X, Y) ? Are X and Y independent?
2. Suppose instead that the particle has a probability one half to be lazy and stay at the same point; otherwise it has the same behaviour. What about the covariance now? Are they independent?

Exercise I. Let X and Y be two discrete random variables with integer values and joint probability mass function

$$p(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{e^{-1}}{(x+1)!} & \text{for } 0 \leq y \leq x, \\ 0 & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

1. What is the probability mass function of the marginal X ?
2. Compute the expectation

$$\mathbb{E} \left[\frac{2^X}{3^Y} \right].$$

Multivariate continuous variables

Exercise J. Recall that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \exp(-t^2) dt = \sqrt{\pi}.$$

Let X and Y be continuous random variables with joint density

$$p(x, y) = C \exp(-y^2/2 + xy - x^2).$$

1. Find the constant C .
2. Find the density of the marginals X and Y .
3. Find the covariance of (X, Y) .

Hint: Complete the square, and do one or two good change(s) of variables.

Exercise K. Let X and Y be continuous random variables with joint density

$$p(x, y) = \begin{cases} C \exp(-y) & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq y, \\ 0 & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

1. Find the constant C .
2. Find the density of the marginals X and Y .
3. Find the covariance of (X, Y) .

Exercise L. Let $P = (X, Y)$ be a point uniformly distributed on the unit circle. In other words, (X, Y) is a continuous random vector with density

$$p(x, y) = \begin{cases} 1/A & \text{for } (x, y) \text{ in the unit circle,} \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

for A the area of the unit circle.

What is the expectation of $\|P\|^2$?

Transformation of multivariate variables

Exercise M. Let X and Y be independent variables, uniform over $[-1, 1]$. What is the density of $Z = XY$?

Exercise N. Let X and Y be independent random variables with distribution $\mathcal{N}(0, 1)$. Set $A = X$ and $B = X + Y$.

1. Using no integrals, what is the covariance of (A, B) ?
2. What is the density of (A, B) ?

Hint: Integrals involving $\exp(-t^2)$ for any type of t are difficult to compute. Leave them be until you can make them disappear.

Exercise O. Let X_1, \dots, X_n be n independent variables, uniform over $[0, 1]$.

1. What is the density of $\max(X_1, \dots, X_n)$? Do you recognise this distribution?
2. What about $\min(X_1, \dots, X_n)$?

Limit theorems

Exercise P. Let X_1, \dots, X_n be independent variables with distribution $\mathcal{N}(0, 1)$.

1. Using no integrals, show that

$$\text{Var}(\sin(X_1)) \leq 1.$$

2. Assume you are given a random number generator (that is, access to the internet). How would you estimate

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \sin(x) \exp(-x^2/2) dx?$$

3. How confident would you be in your approximation? Compare, for $n \cdot \varepsilon^2 = 10$ (ε is the error you consent to make), the bounds given by Chebyshev's inequality and the central limit theorem.